

This talk investigates pronominal clitics in Modern Greek and proposes that pronominal clitics involve the clitic left dislocation of null pronouns. This is argued to involve predication, whereby a null pronoun serves as subject of the predication. Such predications occur at the left periphery of a variety of smaller phrases as well as at the sentential level. Primary evidence for predication involves the distribution of pronominal clitics in a variety of phrase types and the relation between genitive case and clitics. An anti-locality condition regulates the clitic's distribution with respect to predication. This accounts for the distribution of clitic pronouns in Greek, which has clitic objects of verbs, clitic objects of certain prepositions, and clitic objects of comparatives.